



CLIMATE ACTION PLAN 🗘













King County Strategic Climate Action Plan (2015)

Priority Actions with Forest Management Implications

Protect Open Space

- develop a plan to protect remaining high-priority farm, forest and open space lands
- By 2045, protect priority lands

Re-tree King County

- By 2020, plant a minimum of 1 million trees (above background, business as usual rate)
- By 2020, develop 30-year plan to maximize urban and rural tree cover

Streamline Support for Forests

Develop "one-stop shop" for forestry

<u>Performance Goal</u>: King County will protect and support healthy, productive farms and privately-owned forests that maximize biological carbon storage, promote public health, and are resilient to changing climate conditions.

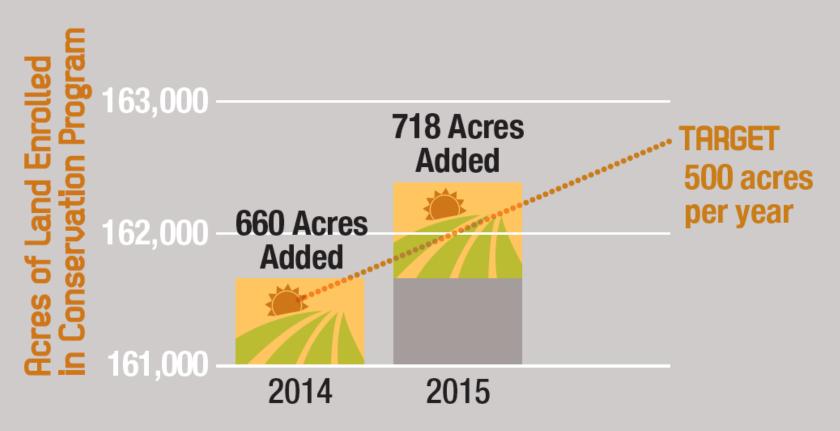
Measure 1: privately-owned rural acreage that have stewardship plans or are enrolled in Open Space and Forestland designated CUT incentive programs.

Measure 2: privately-owned forest lands permanently conserved through easements that remove development rights.









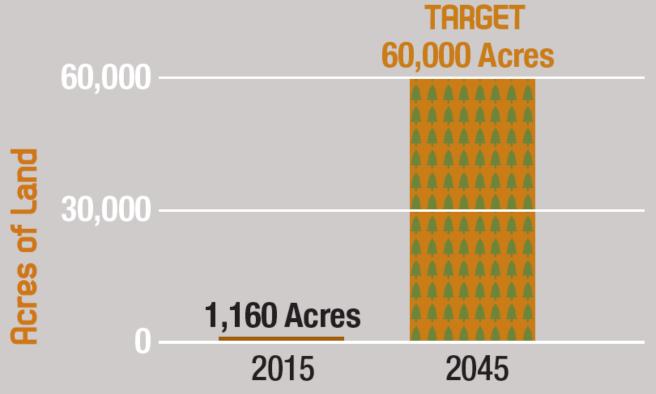
King County exceeded this target in 2015 and more than 162,000 acres (250+ square miles) of private land are now enrolled in a conservation program.





Permanently protect all remaining high-priority lands within 30 years





To protect an average of 2,000 acres per year needed to meet the long-term target to permanently protect 60,000 acres over 30 years of high priority land, new funding sources and partnerships are being developed. <u>Performance Goal</u>: King County will manage and restore its parks and other natural lands in ways that maximize biological carbon storage and increase resilience to changing climate conditions.

Measure 1: percentage of forested sites larger than 200 acres managed by the Parks Division that have Forest Stewardship Plans.

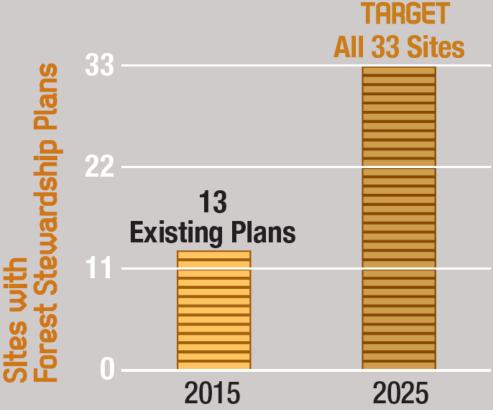
Measure 2: Number of native trees planted by King County and public and private partners.



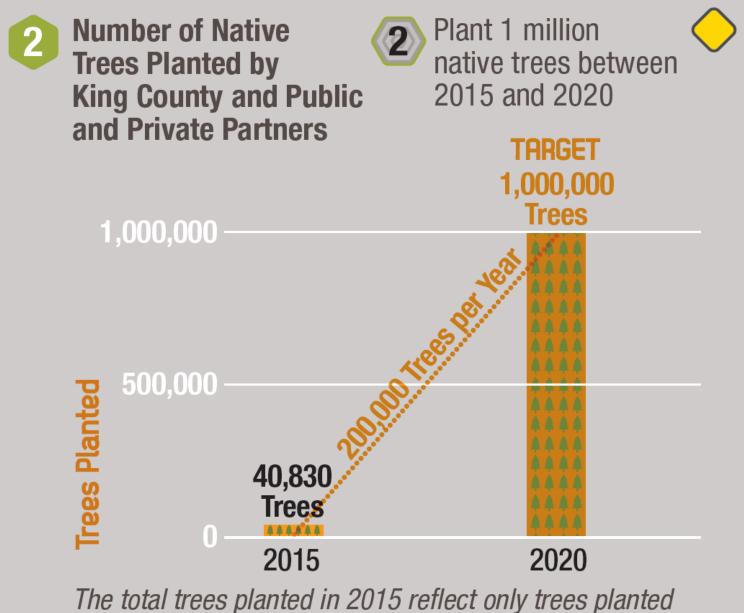
Forest Stewardship Plans on Forested Sites over 200 Acres Managed by the Parks Division







By 2025, King County needs to complete an average of two Forest Stewardship Plans per year while also implementing and updating plans already developed.



The total trees planted in 2015 reflect only trees planted by King County government. In future reporting, totals will also include trees planted by partners.





King County Forest Carbon Project

Supportive Policy and Management Documents

2013 KC Parks Forest Assessment

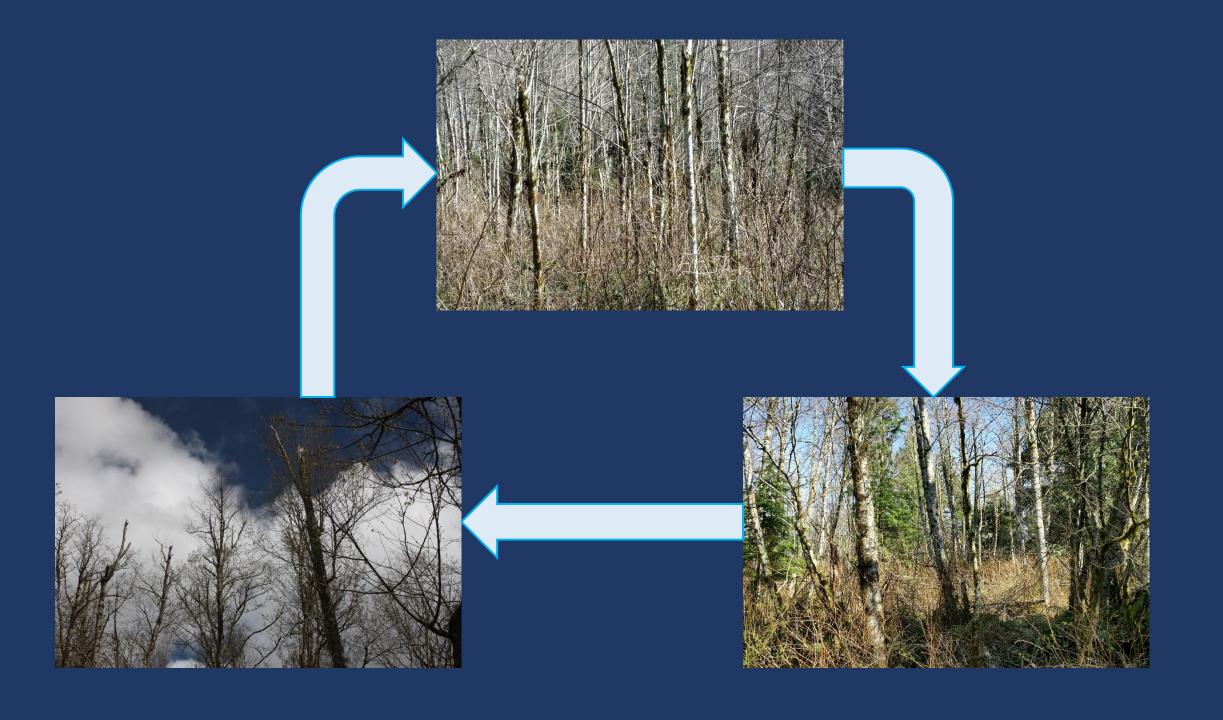
 4,200 acres of hardwood-dominated stands suitable for restoration to mixed conifer

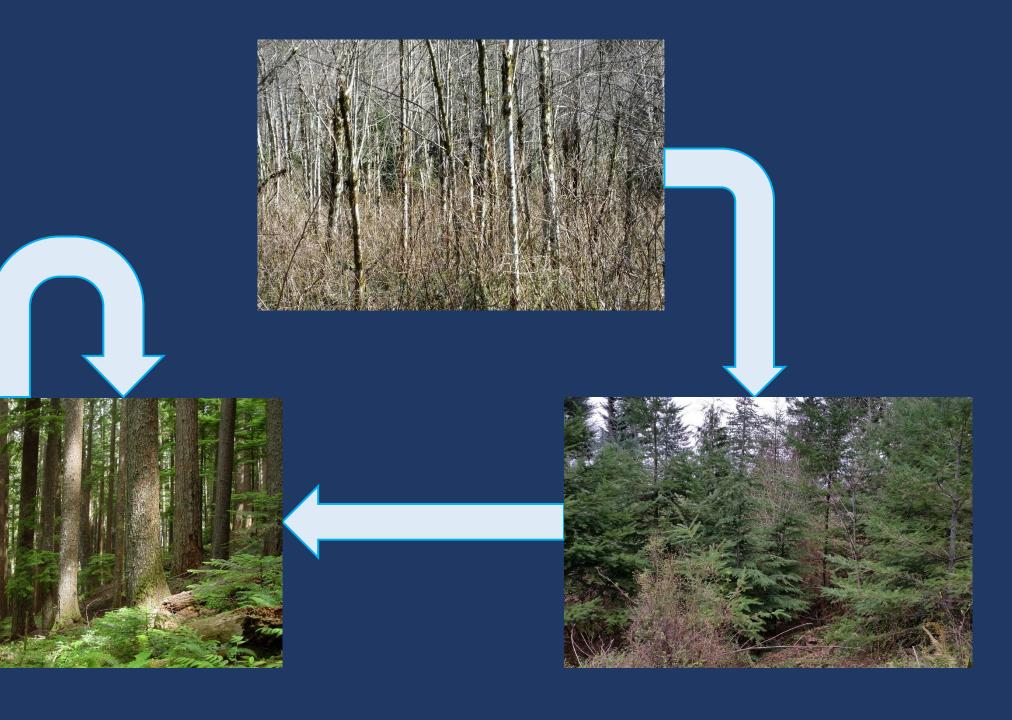
SCAP 2015

- Develop and implement Forest Stewardship Plans on all tracts > 200 acres by 2025
- DNRP-wide carbon neutrality by 2017; Wastewater and Solid Waste independently by 2025
- Plant 1 million trees between 2015 and 2020

2016 Comprehensive Plan

- Protect, preserve and enhance natural resources
- Adoption of entrepreneurial approach to managing open space system
 2016 KC Open Space Plan
 - KC forest lands should be used as demonstration areas
 - Management strategies should enhance carbon sequestration benefits

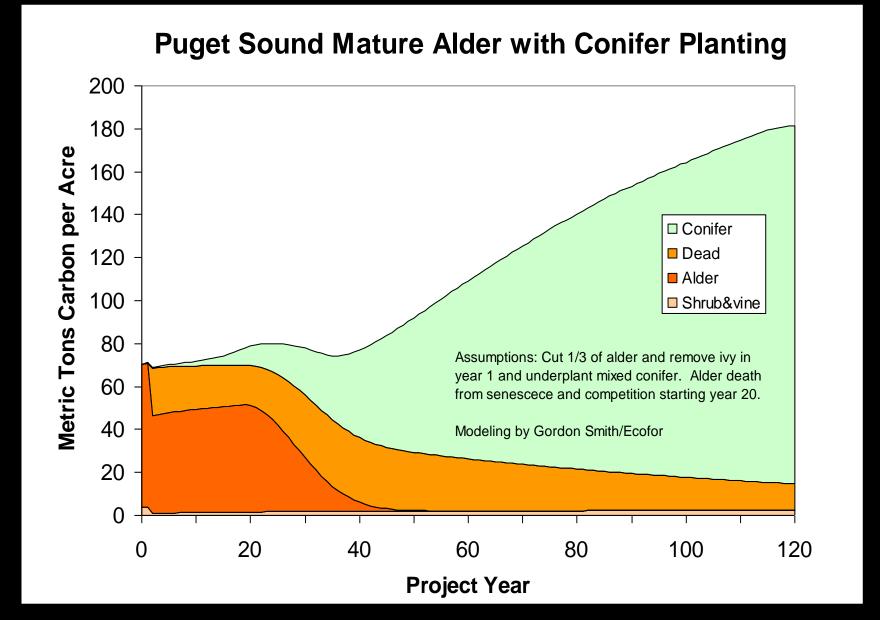












Carbon effects of thinning mature alder and planting conifer. Adapted from Gordon Smith (2005), Opportunities for King County, WA to Create and Market Greenhouse Gas Emission Offsets Generated by Sequestering Carbon. ($CO_2e = mt C \times 3.67$)



King County Forest Carbon Project: Project Criteria

- Demonstrate that offsets are additional to "business as usual"
- Confirm that proposed activities exceed common practice and are not mandated
- Guarantee that offsets are long-lasting (min. 100 years)
- Establish a protocol for verification of offsets
- Ensure that the project does not have unintended, negative social, economic or environmental outcomes.
- Document that the project has benefits beyond climate change mitigation



King County Forest Carbon Project: Project Design Document

- Focal stand types (alder-dominated stands and conifer plantation?)
- Specific project area
- Proposed forest management practices and how they meet Climate Action Reserve (CAR) forest project protocol v 3.3
- Baseline carbon stock and model for "without project" carbon projections
- Actual carbon stock quantification methodology (includes harvest tracking and end use)
- Accounting for additionality, leakage and permanence
- Mitigation for reversal risk
- Process for verifying offsets



	Current (mt CO ₂ e)	Year 40 (mt CO ₂ e)	Change (mt CO₂e)
Carbon Stocks No Action	714,000	357,000	-357,000
Carbon Stocks With Management	714,000	1,848,000	1,134,000
Change with vs. without		1,491,000	1,491,000

Project Component	Specific Tasks	Due Date
Targeted stand cover class	Determine focus of program Determine desired future conditions	15 Mar 2016 30 Mar 2016
Project areas	Use FLAT to identify potential project areas Develop criteria for assessing area suitability Select final list of project areas	30 Mar 2016 30 Mar 2016 15 May 2016
Additionality, leakage and permanence	Research and document project attributes	30 Jun 2016
Offset reversal risk and mitigation	Research and document project attributes Propose mitigation strategies	30 Jun 2016 30 Jun 2016
Offset verification	Develop protocol for regular field inventory Review and approve scientific rigor of protocol	30 Jun 2016 31 Jul 2016
Baseline carbon stock	Initial field inventory of tree/snag carbon stock	15 Aug 2016
Management practices	Stand management plans	31 Aug 2016
PDD assembly and peer review	Model Carbon Offsets Prepare draft of PDD Circulate for internal and external review Prepare final PDD with associated cost estimates	30 Sept 2016 30 Oct 2016 30 Nov 2016 15 Dec 2016
Launch project	Review and approve PDD	31 Dec 2016